

Section One: Vocabulary

Read each statement below carefully and fill in the blank(s) with the best answer (1, 2, 3, 4)

- 1- You need to have at least a understanding of technology before you can upload a video on that website.
1) rudimentary 2) predictable 3) coherent 4) developed
- 2- In order to be a fireman, one needs to be because fighting fires is a very difficult job.
1) majestic 2) mortal 3) arid 4) robust
- 3- Some turn their unwanted items into a source of income by starting to sell on eBay.
1) plausible 2) typical 3) lucrative 4) transparent
- 4- Basically, I worry about things that are extremely to a goal, or absolutely unimportant.
1) casual 2) sensitive 3) irrelevant 4) doubtful
- 5- Although I majored in chemistry in college, I still only have a knowledge of the higher-level concepts of the subject.
1) thrifty 2) reckless 3) bulky 4) superficial
- 6- Only 8 foods 90 percent of all allergic reactions in the United States.
1) account for 2) carry out 3) end up 4) get over
- 7- Psychologists in London are helping people their fears using new technologies.
1) strengthen 2) overcome 3) commence 4) refuse
- 8- The court also found that the advertisement was in that it did not fully explain the conditions of the guarantee.
1) exclusive 2) deceptive 3) massive 4) impressive
- 9- Often times, Canadian and international students are too shy to a conversation with each other.
1) initiate 2) distort 3) display 4) function
- 10- When Helen moved to Japan, she had to quickly a new language into her vocabulary.
1) assimilate 2) perceive 3) synthesize 4) contain
- 11- Companies in this area can hire foreigners. There is no against it.
1) violation 2) misfortune 3) prohibition 4) preoccupation

- 12- What she said in her speech yesterday what she said when she was free to speak over the years.
 1) exposed 2) contradicted 3) persuaded 4) favored
- 13- Investments in areas such as infrastructure, health, and education are necessary for development.
 1) conceptual 2) appealing 3) temporary 4) sustained
- 14- Because he was not paying close attention, the driver made a(n) by hitting a stop sign.
 1) fortune 2) effort 3) expression 4) blunder
- 15- The view, the fresh air, and the peace and of the place has helped me relax a great deal.
 1) tranquility 2) maturity 3) regularity 4) clarity
- 16- In order to have the perfect vacation, my work schedule needs to with my wife's schedule.
 1) contend 2) resume 3) fluctuate 4) coincide
- 17- Birds like crossbills travel only until they find a new area where food is and then stop.
 1) insufficient 2) lacking 3) scarce 4) plentiful
- 18- Students should be given the chance to their views and to develop ability to adapt to a different environment.
 1) broaden 2) differentiate 3) specify 4) vitalize
- 19- The program has enabled us to resources to support our teachers with their syllabus.
 1) settle 2) obtain 3) deplete 4) relate
- 20- Almost everybody thinks that James is one of the most players in the county.
 1) pressed 2) negligible 3) talented 4) numerous
- 21- Your prefrontal cortex helps letters into words, words into sentences, and sentences into meaning.
 1) write 2) unify 3) assemble 4) disperse
- 22- The productive agriculture of south central Minnesota is a direct result of the soils and favorable climate in that area.
 1) secure 2) fertile 3) vacant 4) severe

23- The idea was so that everyone else in the group thought he was joking.

- 1) absurd 2) significant 3) special 4) random

24- The team found that despite the presence of tasty food for the lions in the parks, the number of lions was instead of increasing.

- 1) replacing 2) generating 3) moderating 4) dwindling

25- A growing number of today's vegetarians from eating meat more for a variety reasons.

- 1) compete 2) refrain 3) hang 4) separate

Section Two: Structure Part One

In each of the following sets of sentences, three sentences are grammatically correct and one sentence is not grammatical. Identify the incorrect sentence and mark your answer sheet.

26-

- 1) The city in which I grew up in has changed very much.
- 2) He said, "The post office is two blocks from here."
- 3) Despite being a new experience, I felt comfortable in the crowded streets of the city.
- 4) His country is in the equatorial region.

27-

- 1) I have been trying to start a new life.
- 2) I feel that by sitting in this library I can concentrate on my studies better.
- 3) Because of they are sending their son to a private school, his wife got a part time job to help meet the tuition expenses.
- 4) I get terribly annoyed when people make noises during his lectures.

28-

- 1) The American colonists have a wide experience in exploiting the resources of poor countries.
- 2) I remember he said me something about the subject.
- 3) Tomorrow the speaker will talk about the advantages and the disadvantages of TV.
- 4) William Shakespeare married young, at the age of 18.

29-

- 1) Our government is trying to overcome the political and economic problems.
- 2) He made a surprise financial recovery after his bankruptcy.
- 3) Venezuela's economy depends on oil.
- 4) A bomb exploded in the building, but no one was hurt.

30-

- 1) Such an experiment is valid only under rigidly controlled conditions.
- 2) He's always sympathetic towards those who appeal to him for money.
- 3) She is so intelligent that she will success in anything she undertakes.
- 4) I have always thought the actions of men the best interpreters of their thoughts.

31-

- 1) When I got acquainted with the city, I liked it more.
- 2) It is unsafety to walk in these streets at night.
- 3) The men in his country are extremely jealous about their wives.
- 4) The number of women who choose not to work after they get married has declined.

32-

- 1) Can you tell me which points I should emphasis in this report?
- 2) I began to speak English better, but I could not understand the new culture.
- 3) She doesn't like loud music.
- 4) The fire spread very fast and it took us many days to have it under control.

33-

- 1) The theater may, if not enough ticket are sold, cancel the performance.
- 2) I would like to speak more fluently.
- 3) They were planning to have a picnic, but they had to call it off because of the rain.
- 4) My country has got so many resources.

34-

- 1) If you exercise more you will get stronger.
- 2) I will call the doctor pretty soon.
- 3) While we were waiting for the teacher to arrive, the earthquake took place.
- 4) My old French rainy leather coat was stolen.

35-

- 1) You should not lean against the wall while giving a speech.
- 2) Final, they succeeded in finding a cure for an incurable disease.
- 3) I got really shocked, but I said nothing.
- 4) He has recently been told to return to his remote hometown.

Section Two: Structure Part Two

Read the following sentences. In each sentence, choose the number of the underlined word or group of words that is NOT correct.

36- During₁ the session, the kids learned₂ about the local environment and how they₃ relates₄ to their lives.

37- In₁ the years since then₂, that colony has been subject₃ of research by₄ many scientists.

38- Peoples₁ in this area speak a large amount₂ of different languages₃ from a variety of different language₄ families.

39- The kind of equipment₁ need₂ to study matter₃ was a long way from being invented₄.

40- To feel₁ excited and exhausted at the same time, I jumped on₂ the media bus, looking₃ forward to₄ a good night's sleep.

41- On₁ no occasion the owner were₂ told what₃ the nature of the presentation was₄.

42- Despite₁ criticism that television increases₂ the cost of political campaigns, they play₃ an important role in bringing₄ presidential debates to the people.

43- He eventually₁ advised the government of India on₂ a number of issues and₃ also prepared the way for the codify₄ of Indian law.

44- Understanding₁ what keeps bees buzzing it₂ could help to make sure that the₃ insects are able to remember and pollinate₄ their favorite flowers.

45- New evidence indicate₁ that the moon is the result of₂ an ancient collision₃ between Earth and another₄ planet.

46- The Big Bang Model₁ is the lead₂ theory scientists use to explain₃ the creation of our₄ universe.

47- By watching₁ kids and interact₂ with them, we can learn₃ how to₄ make our tools better.

48- The other also listened to music but were given no suggestion that it would ease the pain.

49- Over the winter, dozens of the seabirds from the region were found dead, like from starvation.

50- Pluto is on average about 40 times far from the sun as Earth is.

51- Wind erosion is common in deserts, where sand is blown around because are few plants to hold the soil in place.

52- The polar bears, a huge animal with an unmistakable creamy-white coat, is surprisingly fast.

53- Consumers as young as 18 can apply for a card on their own providing they can prove to the bank that they have the means to make payments.

54- The researchers found that females were much likely to lead their groups than were adult males.

55- The commonly used sampling method by many scientists all over the world is stratified random sampling.

56- Visible light is just a narrow portion of the electromagnetic energy that it fills the universe.

57- My brother is owning no fewer than ten houses, and all of them are let at very high prices.

58- Illiteracy is big problem. It affects millions of people worldwide, and is an impediment to social progress.

- 59- Our boss has taken steps to ensure that she can handle the pressured and anxiety associated with the job.
- 60- At the start of the 5th century B.C., every citizen in Athens can vote as a member of the Assembly.
- 61- She escaped slavery in 1849, although doing so required that she leaves others behind.
- 62- From the humanistic perspective, motivation of students means to encourage their inner resources-their sense of competence, self-esteem, autonomous, and self-actualization.
- 63- Only the atoms or molecules in the out layer of the reactant material can touch the other reactants and react.
- 64- At the completion of class work, either a comprehensive exam is administered and a written essay is submitted.
- 65- Both are commercially appealing, but the second one has fewer harmful effect on the environment.

Section Three: Reading Comprehension

Directions: Read the passages and choose the one best answer, (1) , (2), (3) or (4), for each question.

Passage 1

Bushmen, who are also called San, are a group of people in southern Africa. Most of them live in or near the Kalahari Desert in Botswana and Namibia. Some San people work on farms, while others are nomads. There are probably about 50,000 Bushmen altogether. The nomads live in bands of 25 to 30 people. Each band has its own special area. These nomadic groups are hunter-gatherers. They have learned how to survive in harsh desert conditions and can find food and water where there **appears** to be nothing but sand or scrub.

The hunters use bows and poison tipped arrows to kill wild animals. Boys are taught to hunt and they are not allowed to marry until they have killed one large animal. Other members of the band gather roots, berries, nuts, and seeds.

The band often needs to move to find food and water, walking about 30 kilometers a day. They carry their babies on their backs in leather pouches and water in ostrich eggshells. Sometimes they build shelters with branches and grass and live in **them** for several weeks. At night, they often listen to stories told by the older people.

66- Which of the following can be inferred from the paragraph?

- 1) Sans are nomads.
- 2) Sans and nomads are called Bushmen.
- 3) Personal life is very important for nomads.
- 4) Life is very difficult for nomads.

67- According to the passage, nomads do all of the following EXCEPT

- 1) gathering roots, nuts, and seeds
- 2) looking for water and food
- 3) using grass to build shelters
- 4) listening to stories and news

68- What does "them" in line 12 refer to?

- 1) house
- 2) nomads
- 3) shelters
- 4) branch and grass

69- The word "appears" in line 6 is closest in meaning to

- 1) happens
- 2) starts
- 3) feels
- 4) assumes

70- The passage is mainly about

- 1) people who are called San
- 2) nomads who live in southern Africa
- 3) how nomads kill wild animals
- 4) the life of nomads in bands

Passage 2

An antibiotic is a type of medicine that doctors may use to cure diseases. Antibiotics are all natural products of moulds, fungi, and other tiny living things. These organisms make the antibiotic substances to defend themselves against the germs called bacteria. Diseases in humans such as boils, food poisoning, pneumonia and typhoid fever are all caused by bacteria. A person with a bacterial disease can usually pass it to someone else: this means it is infectious.

Antibiotics damage or kill bacteria in different ways. Many stop the bacteria from building a protective wall around themselves. Without **this layer**, the bacteria explode. Other antibiotics stop the bacteria from making proteins. Without these they die. Before antibiotics were discovered, bacterial diseases killed and harmed thousands of people. Now many of these diseases can be cured.

71- According to the passage, which of the following is true about antibiotics?

- 1) They are killed by bacteria.
- 2) They are infectious.
- 3) They can cure diseases.
- 4) They are small living things.

72- Which of the following diseases, as mentioned in the passage, are NOT caused by bacteria?

- 1) Boils
- 2) Food poisoning
- 3) Hey fever
- 4) Typhoid fever

73- The phrase "this layer" in line 8 refers to

- 1) protective wall
- 2) bacteria
- 3) antibiotic
- 4) explode

74- The word "infectious" is closest in meaning to

- 1) deficient
- 2) catching
- 3) malicious

4) caring

75- Which of the following about antibiotics is NOT expressed in the passage?

Antibiotics

- 1) damage bacteria
- 2) stop bacteria from making proteins
- 3) are products of fungi
- 4) were discovered by Fleming

Passage 3

The cross-cultural spread of English is unprecedented in other ways. It is more widely used than any of the other colonial languages like French, Portuguese, or Spanish. It even has a wider use than some of the languages associated with international non-Western religious traditions like Sanskrit. In countries like India and Nigeria, English is used at all levels of society: in local English-language newspapers and broadcasting, in public administration, in university education, in the major industries, the courts and the civil service. Indeed, with nearly 200 languages, India needs English to unify the country.

Professor Lal, a champion of Indian English, who runs a well-known writers' workshop, claims that in simple numerical terms, in a country of over a billion, 'more Indians speak English and write English than in England itself You know what Malcolm Muggeridge said: "The last Englishman left will be an Indian."

76- As stated in the passage, English is very important in India because

- 1) it unifies the country
- 2) it is a vast county
- 3) its population is over a billion
- 4) of historical reasons

77- As inferred from the passage, Malcolm Muggeridge said that

- 1) Indians left their country
- 2) he could manage Professors Lal's workshop in India
- 3) an Indian will be the last English person who survives
- 4) the Englishmen left India because they were defeated

78- According to the passage, the cross-cultural spread of English is

- 1) something normal
- 2) really unusual
- 3) quite uncertain
- 4) completely natural

79- It can be understood from the passage that English is used

- 1) as frequently as other colonial languages
- 2) less frequently than other colonial languages
- 3) more frequent than other colonial languages
- 4) very frequently but it can easily be replaced by French or Spanish

80- According to the passage, English is more important than other colonial languages because it is

- 1) spoken in India
- 2) the language of religion
- 3) widely used
- 4) a Western language

Section Four: Cloze Passages

Read the following passages and fill in the blanks with the most appropriate choice.

Passage 1

New Scientist magazine recently published a report by researchers at Sheffield University. The researchers studied identical twins who had been separated at birth and had been taken care of by different families. The results showed that the twins were often very similar, not only in ...(81)... but also in intelligence and personality.

More surprising, however, were the other coincidences which were almost ...(82)... to explain. For example, one set of female twins met again for the first time when they were 39. They both wore the same dress, had seven rings on their fingers, and the same bracelets. There were also some male twins who ...(83)... part in the study. They too ...(84)... a great deal in common. Both of them worked in the police force, and ...(85)... their holidays in Majorca. They drove the same kind of car and had a dog called Toy. ...(86)... of them had married and divorced a woman called Linda, and their second wives were called Elizabeth.

The researchers intend to ...(87)... out more studies in the future. This is because these coincidences are so remarkable and have occurred so often with twins that they have almost ...(88)... count. The coincidences are so extraordinary that it is ...(89)... to simply say that they happen because of ...(90)... . It seems that there must be a more logical explanation, but so far nobody has found out what it is.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| 81- 1) look | 2) sight | 3) appearance | 4) form |
| 82- 1) impossible | 2) worrying | 3) unlike | 4) dissimilar |
| 83- 1) held | 2) came | 3) took | 4) played |
| 84- 1) did | 2) were | 3) had | 4) made |
| 85- 1) passed | 2) spent | 3) stayed | 4) went |
| 86- 1) All | 2) Each | 3) Two | 4) Every |
| 87- 1) bring | 2) follow | 3) do | 4) carry |
| 88- 1) dropped | 2) fallen | 3) got | 4) lost |
| 89- 1) illiterate | 2) illegal | 3) illegible | 4) illogical |
| 90- 1) opportunity | 2) chance | 3) possibility | 4) occasion |

Passage 2

Pain is an unpleasant feeling that warns us of damage to our bodies. Nerve endings ... (91)... the skin and other parts of the body ... (92)... the pain message to the spinal cord and into the brain. Our skin is ... (93)... sensitive to pain. We can easily tell ... (94)... the pain is if it is on the surface of ... (95)... body, but sometimes when we feel internal pain it is in a different part of our body.

Pain can be eased in ... (96)... ways. You can take away whatever is ... (97)... the pain, ... (98)... as glass in your foot. You can soothe the nerves that carry pain messages by ... (99)... , warmth, medicines, or massage. Or you can dull parts of the brain that ... (100)... the pain messages with medicines.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| 91- 1) in | 2) for | 3) at | 4) over |
| 92- 1) provide | 2) carry | 3) destroy | 4) bridge |
| 93- 1) least | 2) less | 3) most | 4) better |
| 94- 1) when | 2) where | 3) which | 4) why |
| 95- 1) your | 2) ours | 3) ourselves | 4) our |
| 96- 1) much | 2) more | 3) several | 4) huge |
| 97- 1) cause | 2) causing | 3) causes | 4) caused |
| 98- 1) such | 2) like | 3) similar | 4) example |
| 99- 1) relax | 2) relaxed | 3) relaxation | 4) relaxes |
| 100- 1) receives | 2) received | 3) receiving | 4) receive |

آزمون EPT ۱۰ دی ماه ۱۳۹۵ - گروه B

س.ج.	ت.ج.	س.ج.	ت.ج.	س.ج.	ت.ج.	س.ج.	ت.ج.
۱	۷۶	۳	۵۱	۱	۲۶	۱	۱
۳	۷۷	۱	۵۲	۳	۲۷	۴	۲
۲	۷۸	۳	۵۳	۲	۲۸	۳	۳
۳	۷۹	۲	۵۴	۲	۲۹	۳	۴
۳	۸۰	۱	۵۵	۳	۳۰	۴	۵
۳	۸۱	۴	۵۶	۲	۳۱	۱	۶
۱	۸۲	۱	۵۷	۱	۳۲	۲	۷
۳	۸۳	۱	۵۸	۱	۳۳	۲	۸
۳	۸۴	۳	۵۹	۴	۳۴	۱	۹
۲	۸۵	۳	۶۰	۲	۳۵	۱	۱۰
۲	۸۶	۴	۶۱	۳	۳۶	۳	۱۱
۴	۸۷	۴	۶۲	۳	۳۷	۲	۱۲
۴	۸۸	۲	۶۳	۲	۳۸	۴	۱۳
۴	۸۹	۳	۶۴	۲	۳۹	۴	۱۴
۲	۹۰	۴	۶۵	۱	۴۰	۱	۱۵
۱	۹۱	۴	۶۶	۲	۴۱	۴	۱۶
۲	۹۲	۴	۶۷	۳	۴۲	۴	۱۷
۳	۹۳	۳	۶۸	۴	۴۳	۱	۱۸
۲	۹۴	۱	۶۹	۲	۴۴	۲	۱۹
۴	۹۵	۱	۷۰	۱	۴۵	۳	۲۰
۳	۹۶	۳	۷۱	۲	۴۶	۳	۲۱
۲	۹۷	۳	۷۲	۲	۴۷	۲	۲۲
۱	۹۸	۱	۷۳	۱	۴۸	۱	۲۳
۳	۹۹	۲	۷۴	۴	۴۹	۴	۲۴
۴	۱۰۰	۴	۷۵	۲	۵۰	۲	۲۵